

1 **STATUTORY AND ADMINISTRATIVE NOTICES**
2 **Concerning Child Custody or Child Support**
 Approved by Presiding Judge Pursuant to EDCR 5.707

3 NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to NRS 125C.0045(6):

4 PENALTY FOR VIOLATION OF ORDER: THE ABDUCTION,
5 CONCEALMENT OR DETENTION OF A CHILD IN
6 VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER IS PUNISHABLE AS A
7 CATEGORY D FELONY AS PROVIDED IN NRS 193.130. NRS
8 200.359 provides that every person having a limited right of
9 custody to a child or any parent having no right of custody to the
10 child who willfully detains, conceals or removes the child from a
11 parent, guardian or other person having lawful custody or a
12 right of visitation of the child in violation of an order of this
13 court, or removes the child from the jurisdiction of the court
14 without the consent of either the court or all persons who have
15 the right to custody or visitation is subject to being punished for
16 a category D felony as provided in NRS 193.130.

17 NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to NRS 125C.0045(7)(8):

18 The terms of the Hague Convention of October 25, 1980,
19 adopted by the 14th Session of the Hague Conference on Private
20 International Law, apply if a parent abducts or wrongfully retains a
21 child in a foreign country as follows:

 If a parent of the child lives in a foreign country or has
 significant commitments in a foreign country:

 (a) The parties may agree, and the court shall include in
 the order for custody of the child, that the United States is the
 country of habitual residence of the child for the purposes of
 applying the terms of the Hague Convention as set forth in
 subsection 7.

 (b) Upon motion of one of the parties, the court may order
 the parent to post a bond if the court determines that the parent
 poses an imminent risk of wrongfully removing or concealing
 the child outside the country of habitual residence. The bond
 must be in an amount determined by the court and may be used
 only to pay for the cost of locating the child and returning the
 child to his or her habitual residence if the child is wrongfully
 removed from or concealed outside the country of habitual

1 residence. The fact that a parent has significant commitments in
2 a foreign country does not create a presumption that the parent
3 poses an imminent risk of wrongfully removing or concealing
4 the child.

5 NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to NRS 125C.006:

6 1. If PRIMARY PHYSICAL CUSTODY has been established
7 pursuant to an order, judgment or decree of a court and the
8 custodial parent intends to relocate his or her residence to a
9 place outside of this State or to a place within this State that is at
10 such a distance that would substantially impair the ability of the
11 other parent to maintain a meaningful relationship with the
12 child, and the custodial parent desires to take the child with him
13 or her, the custodial parent shall, before relocating:

14 (a) Attempt to obtain the written consent of the
15 noncustodial parent to relocate with the child; and

16 (b) If the noncustodial parent refuses to give that
17 consent, petition the court for permission to relocate with the
18 child.

19 2. The court may award reasonable attorney's fees and
20 costs to the custodial parent if the court finds that the
21 noncustodial parent refused to consent to the custodial parent's
relocation with the child:

(a) Without having reasonable grounds for such
refusal; or

(b) For the purpose of harassing the custodial
parent.

3. A parent who relocates with a child pursuant to this
section without the written consent of the noncustodial parent
or the permission of the court is subject to the provisions of NRS
200.359.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to NRS 125C.0065:

1. If JOINT PHYSICAL CUSTODY has been established
pursuant to an order, judgment or decree of a court and one
parent intends to relocate his or her residence to a place outside
of this State or to a place within this State that is at such a
distance that would substantially impair the ability of the other
parent to maintain a meaningful relationship with the child, and

1 the relocating parent desires to take the child with him or her,
2 the relocating parent shall, before relocating:

3 (a) Attempt to obtain the written consent of the non-
4 relocating parent to relocate with the child; and

5 (b) If the non-relocating parent refuses to give that
6 consent, petition the court for primary physical custody for the
7 purpose of relocating.

8 2. The court may award reasonable attorney's fees and
9 costs to the relocating parent if the court finds that the non-
10 relocating parent refused to consent to the relocating parent's
11 relocation with the child:

12 (a) Without having reasonable grounds for such
13 refusal; or

14 (b) For the purpose of harassing the relocating
15 parent.

16 3. A parent who relocates with a child pursuant to this
17 section before the court enters an order granting the parent
18 primary physical custody of the child and permission to relocate
19 with the child is subject to the provisions of NRS 200.359.

20 NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to NRS 125C.010(1)(b), for
21 purposes of visitation rights of a child, the State of Nevada or the state
where the child resides within the United States of America is the habitual
residence of the child.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the parent having the child support
obligation is subject to NAC 425.025 and NRS 31A.010 through 31A.350,
inclusive, regarding the immediate withholding or assignment of wages,
commissions or bonuses for payment of child support, whether current or
delinquent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to NRS 125B.145 and NAC
425.170, either party may request that the Court review the child support
obligation every three years or upon changed circumstances.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to NAC 425.165 and
NRS 425.620, if the order pertains to more than one child and does not
allocate a specific amount of the total child support obligation to each child,
and if you want to adjust the amount of child support established in this
order, you MUST file a motion to modify the order with or submit a
stipulation to the court. If a motion to modify the order is not filed or a

1 stipulation is not submitted, the child support obligation established in this
2 order will continue until such time as all children who are the subject of
3 this order reach 18 years of age or, if the youngest child who is subject to
4 this order is still in high school when he or she reaches 18 years of age,
5 when the child graduates from high school or reaches 19 years of age,
6 whichever comes first. Unless the parties agree otherwise in a stipulation,
7 any modification made pursuant to a motion to modify the order will be
8 effective as of the date the motion was filed.

9 NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that each party shall submit the information
10 required in NRS 125B.055, NRS 125.130, and 125.230 on a separate form to
11 the Court and the Welfare Division of the Department of Human Resources
12 within ten days from the date this Decree is filed. Such information shall be
13 maintained by the Clerk in a confidential manner and not part of the public
14 record. The parties shall update the information filed with the Court and
15 the Welfare Division of the Department of Human Resources within ten
16 days should any of that information become inaccurate.

17 NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that you have an affirmative duty to update
18 any changes in your personal information by filing a Notice of Change of
19 Address form. The form can be found at the following link:
20 [https://www.familylawselfhelpcenter.org/images/forms/misc/address-
21 change-pdf-fillable.pdf](https://www.familylawselfhelpcenter.org/images/forms/misc/address-change-pdf-fillable.pdf)